The University of Leeds

EXTERNAL EXAMINER'S REPORT

ACADEMIC YEAR: 2012-2013

Part A: General Information

Subject area and awards being	examined
Faculty / School of:	Education
Subject(s):	TESOL
Programme(s) / Module(s):	Learning and Teaching in TESOL Materials development for TESOL Language Testing. Critical Study
Awards (e.g. BA/BSc/MSc etc):	MA TESOL
Completed report	
-	attached to an e-mail and sent as soon as possible, and no later than six weeks after the relevant rs, to exexadmin@leeds.ac.uk .
Alternatively you can post your re	eport to: Head of Academic Quality and Standards Academic Quality and Standards Team Room 12:81, EC Stoner Building The University of Leeds, Leeds LS2 9JT
Matters for Urgent Attention	e Institution on the Examination Process and Standards think require urgent attention before the programme is offered again please note them in this box
NA	
Only applicable in first year of Were you provided with copies of	appointment f previous relevant External Examiners' reports and the response of the School to these?
from year to year and the progres	ir term of appointment ence of the programme(s) over the period of your appointment, remarking in particular on changes ence of the programme(s) over the period of your appointment, remarking in particular on changes ence development and enhancement of the learning and teaching provision, on standards ence and the procedures of the School

Please indicate the extent to which the programme Aims and Intended Learning Outcomes (ILOs) were commensurate with the level of the award

- The appropriateness of the Intended Learning Outcomes for the programme(s)/modules and of the structure and content of the programme(s);
- The extent to which standards are appropriate for the award or award element under consideration.

Learning outcomes are appropriate to the level of the award and the structure and content of the programme are appropriate to the type of award.

2. Did the Aims and ILOs meet the expectations of the national subject benchmark (where relevant)?

• The comparability of the programme(s) with similar programme(s) at other institutions and against national benchmarks and the Framework for Higher Education Qualifications.

The aims and ILOs are comparable to those of similar course at other universities and in line with benchmarks set by the HEQ framework.

3. Please comment on the assessment methods and the appropriateness of these to the ILOs

- The design and structure of the assessment methods, and the arrangements for the marking of modules and the classification of awards;
- The quality of teaching, learning and assessment methods that may be indicated by student performance.

Students are assessed by assignment and these are generally suited to the subject. The standard of work produced is generally of a high standard and comparable to that of students on similar programmes. The best work continues to be where students contextualise their research and draw on local constraints in their discussions.

The critical studies are generally strong but students tend to deal more effectively with the literature review than with the research methods. Often the research undertaken uses questionnaire data. It would be useful to explore other research methods.

Although the value of learning to write in an academic style is invaluable for those wishing to pursue an academic career, this is not the case for all students, as students also pointed out at our latest meeting with them. Given this, different methods of assessment might be considered. I have drawn attention to this previously but to date there is no change in assessment methods.

There is no doubt that the teaching on this programme is strong. Students consistently speak extremely highly of tutors. They are impressed by the amount of time tutors spend with them in and out of class, the fact that they are willing to provide formative assessment by commenting on drafts and that they engage in genuine discussion about current issues in learning and teaching English. The fact that students can attend an open seminar with staff to discuss general issues in TESOL which are not linked to particular modules is a great innovation. However, the team could consider how to ensure that students with and without experience get the most out of this seminar.

Work that is resubmitted and passes attracts a pass mark, which is in line with practices in other institutions. However, it would be useful for students to see what the mark would have been had the work been a first attempt.

4. Were students given adequate opportunity to demonstrate their achievement of the Aims and ILOs?

- The academic standards demonstrated by the students and, where possible, their performance in relation to students on comparable courses;
- The strengths and weaknesses of the students as a cohort.

The students are generally of a high standard. There are cases of plagiarism, but these are identified and dealt with effectively by tutors.

The cohort is generally of a good standard.

5.	For Examiners responsible for programmes that include clinical practice components, please comment on
	the learning and assessment of practice components of the curriculum

the learning and assessment of practice components of the curriculum	
NA	

6. Please comment on the nature and effectiveness of enhancements to the programme(s) and modules since the previous year

It would be particularly helpful if you could also identify areas of good practice which are worthy of wider dissemination.

Students on this programme get a great deal of tutor time and this supports their progress. Feedback on drafts means that students have the opportunity to develop their arguments and produce better work. This is commendable.

7. Please comment on the influence of research on the curriculum and learning and teaching

This may include examples of curriculum design informed by current research in the subject; practice informed by research; students undertaking research.

Many of the modules are led by tutors who research in the field they are teaching. This ensures that the content is research-led and current.

Ī	For	Examiners	involved in	mentoring	arranc	iements
ш	l OI		IIIIVOIVEU III		allanc	GIIIGIILO

8.	If you have acted as a mentor to a new External Examiner or have received mentor support please commenter on the arrangements	en
	Tiere on the arrangements	7

The Examination/Assessment Process

- 9. The University and its Schools provide guidance for External Examiners as to their roles, powers and responsibilities. Please indicate whether this material was sufficient for you to act effectively as an External Examiner.
 - Whether External Examiners have sufficient access to the material needed to make the required judgements and whether they are encouraged to request additional information.

•	Yes.	We ha	ave	recenti	y be	en	enrol	led	onto	the	VLE	which i	s helptu	ıI.

- 10. Did you receive appropriate documentation relating to the programmes and/or parts of programmes for which you have responsibility, e.g. programme specifications or module handbooks, marking criteria?
 - The coherence of the policies and procedures relating to External Examiners and whether they match the explicit roles they are asked to perform.

Yes this is all done well. I am impressed with the way external examiners' days are organised. It is very useful to hear about developments in the programme and to share impressions with EEs of other programmes.

11. Were you provided with all draft examination papers/assessments? Was the nature and level of the questions appropriate? If not, were suitable arrangements made to consider your comments?

The questions as far as I am aware have remained the same. I would like to see a greater range in the type of assessment as I have previously indicated.

12. Was sufficient assessed / examined work made available to enable you to have confidence in your evaluation of the standard of student work? Were the scripts clearly marked/annotated?

Yes. I was sent plenty of work and it represented work from all grade bands. Some of the work is annotated but not all. I would prefer to see work that is annotated.

13. Was the choice of subjects for dissertations appropriate? Was the method and standard of assessment appropriate?

There are some excellent critical studies but I wonder why you call them this. Dissertation is much more widely used. Critical studies are second marked but as far as I am aware, this isn't blind double marking. I think this would be a useful approach to ensure standards.

14.	Were the administrative arrangements satisfactory for the whole process, including the operation of the Board of Examiners? Were you able to attend the meeting? Were you satisfied with the recommendations of the Board?					
	Excellent –see above.					
15.	Were appropriate procedures in place to give due consideration to mitigating circumstances and medical evidence?					
	These issues have been dealt with before we attend the Board.					
Oth	er comments					
Ple	ase use this box if you wish to make any further comments not covered elsewhere on the form					

14 April 2014

Dear

Thank you for your External Examiner's reports for the MA TESOL, TESOL China and TESOL YL programmes, 2012-13, and for the work you have carried out this year. We are very pleased to see that in general you are positive about the programmes, about the support offered to students, and about the work they produce. We would like to respond to some of the constructive comments that you have made in your reports, and explain how we are addressing them. These comments relate to the Critical Study, the range of assessment types, marking of resubmitted work, marking in general, and the TESOL Forum. Because there was a certain overlap in your reports, we are including comments on all three programmes in this response.

Turning first to the Critical Study, you feel that students on the MA TESOL tend to deal more effectively with the literature review than with the research methods, where you identify an over-reliance on questionnaires. Thank you for this observation. We do try to encourage students to draw upon research strategies that are appropriate to the question they are asking. Up to 2012/13 students on the MA TESOL programme followed a dedicated research methods module, EDUC5922M Research Methods for TESOL. On that module they were introduced to a range of research strategies commonly encountered in our field, with particular attention given to questionnaires, interviews and classroom observation. From 2013/14 students follow a generic research methods module (EDUC5060M Research Methods in Education), common to all taught postgraduate programmes across the School. The focus of this module is less on specific research strategies and more on the foundations and traditions of research. Hence the weight of responsibility to ensure that appropriate research strategies are chosen now rests more on the shoulders of the individual supervisor. The team will discuss your point about the range of appropriate strategies at a forthcoming team meeting.

You also make some pertinent points about the MA TESOL (China) Critical Studies, relating to the propensity to rely on questionnaires, and the need to address research ethics. Ethics is indeed a concept for serious consideration, but on the MA TESOL (China) this is taking a long time to be absorbed, since norms for research in China are different from those in the UK. Most research in our field in China remains quantitative (with a predilection for anonymous closed questionnaires) and often the sampling can be somewhat arbitrary. We have, though, introduced the principle that it is necessary to think about any effect that the research may have on participants. Students who carry out qualitative/mixed method studies do now make an attempt to tell the reader what they did to ensure confidentiality and consent. Students on the MA TESOL (China) programme are now also following EDUC5060M Research Methods in Education, which highlights the ethical dimension. There is no guarantee however that this will lead to increased sensitivity immediately.

Also on this topic you ask why we call the research project a Critical Study rather than a Dissertation. At the School of Education at Leeds we feel that the term Critical Study reflects the nature of what we ask our students to do, and it also encourages them to foreground the notion of criticality in their research.

Regarding assessment, you had some concerns about the range of assessment types and strategies that we employ, on the MA TESOL, MA TESOL YL and MA TESOL (China) programmes. Specifically you make the point that while learning to write in an academic style is invaluable for those wishing to pursue an academic career, not all students will be aspiring to such a career, and that given this, different methods of assessment might be considered. We do make it clear in our publicity that our degrees are 'academic'. The assessment types we offer are varied but are still appropriate to academic study and moreover are designed to reflect the specific module content and process. We also maintain that the knowledge and skills developed whilst learning how to write academic texts are transferable to professional practice. As a School, we are considering alternatives to our more established assessment methods: there is currently a School-level working party addressing this issue. Module coordinators will incorporate suggestions made during this exercise, where they find it appropriate. On the MA TESOL (China) modes of assessment follow those on the Leeds-based MA TESOL.

Turning now to marking, you note that some assessed and marked work is annotated but not all. The School-level procedure which tutors are encouraged to follow involves not writing on scripts but referring to page numbers in the detailed feedback. You also suggest that feedback on resubmitted work should include a note about the mark the work would have received, had it been a first submission. Markers are given advice about responding to resubmitted work that is of a higher quality than that which would attract a bare pass mark. They should include a note in their feedback to the effect that 'in other circumstances this would have attracted a higher mark.' Some tutors also indicate the band which the work would have received had it been a first submission. This is not School policy though.

Again on the topic of marking, you say all resubmitted work from China should be marked by UK staff, helping to ensure that standards are maintained at both institutions. Thank you for this suggestion. This is a procedure that has now been agreed.

Finally, we turn to your comments about the TESOL Forum. You suggest that the team could consider how to ensure that students with and without experience get the most out of this seminar. We believe that both experienced and less experienced students learn much from each other in the TESOL Forum. More experienced teachers have the opportunity to work with novice teachers attending the MA TESOL Studies programme, an experience of benefit for those who intend to move into teacher training in the future.

Thank you very much indeed again for your reports. We can assure you that your external examiner comments continue to be valued very highly by the TESOL team and the School as a whole.

Yours sincerely

Head of School of Education

The University of Leeds

EXTERNAL EXAMINER'S REPORT

ACADEMIC YEAR: 2012-2013

Part A: General Information

Subject area and awards being examined

Faculty / School of:

Education

Subject(s):

TESOL

Programme(s) / Module(s):

MA TESOL

MA TESOL Young Learners
MA TESOL Teacher Education

MA TESOL Studies

EDUC 5001M

EDUC 5301M

EDUC 5308M

EDUC 5903M

EDUC 5912M

EDUC 5922M

EDUC 5927M

EDUC 5961M

EDUC5001M

EDUC5301M

EDUC5308M

EDUC5912M

Awards (e.g. BA/BSc/MSc etc):

MA

Completed report

The completed report should be attached to an e-mail and sent as soon as possible, and no later than six weeks after the relevant meeting of the Board of Examiners, to exexadmin@leeds.ac.uk.

Alternatively you can post your report to:

Head of Academic Quality and Standards Academic Quality and Standards Team Room 12:81, EC Stoner Building

The University of Leeds, Leeds LS2 9JT

Part B: Comments for the Institution on the Examination Process and Standards

Matters for Urgent Attention

If there are any areas which you think require urgent attention before the programme is offered again please note them in this box

. N/A

Only applicable in first year of appointment

Were you provided with copies of previous relevant External Examiners' reports and the response of the School to these?

N/A

Please comment on your experience of the programme(s) over the period of your appointment, remarking from year to year and the progressive development and enhancement of the learning and teaching provision achieved, on marking and assessment and the procedures of the School	
N/A	

Please indicate the extent to which the programme Aims and Intended Learning Outcomes (ILOs) were commensurate with the level of the award

- The appropriateness of the Intended Learning Outcomes for the programme(s)/modules and of the structure and content of the programme(s);
- The extent to which standards are appropriate for the award or award element under consideration.

The ILOs are appropriate for the structure, content, and award of the master's programmes.

2. Did the Aims and ILOs meet the expectations of the national subject benchmark (where relevant)?

• The comparability of the programme(s) with similar programme(s) at other institutions and against national benchmarks and the Framework for Higher Education Qualifications.

Yes

The aims and ILOs meet the expectations of the national subject benchmark and the Framework for Higher Education Qualifications. The programme compares well with others of a similar nature at other institutions.

3. Please comment on the assessment methods and the appropriateness of these to the ILOs

- The design and structure of the assessment methods, and the arrangements for the marking of modules and the classification of awards:
- The quality of teaching, learning and assessment methods that may be indicated by student performance.

I continue to believe the range of assessment methods used and assignment titles speak well of the programme. Although there was some feeling among the students I have spoken to over the last year that less emphasis could be put on essay writing as an assignment task, compared to some other programmes I am acquainted with, I feel the Leeds programme is strong in this area.

I like the fact that the assignments ask candidates to draw on a mix of theoretical and practical (i.e., pedagogic) knowledge, given the programme's focus on teaching and teacher education.

However, I found standards of grading continue to differ: one member of staff's idea of a 70 is not another's. Sometimes bare distinctions were awarded when, in my view at least, the work was worth much more than this. This is not a plea for grade inflation (indeed, I found other marks to err on the overly-generous side); but a plea to use the full scale of marks *where merited*.

Students are offered helpful feedback. As I have done in previous reports, I note and welcome the fact that lecturers offer the opportunity for students to submit assignment drafts and receive formative feedback. This is a practice that other institutions would do well to take up, and is another exemplary feature of the programmes.

4. Were students given adequate opportunity to demonstrate their achievement of the Aims and ILOs?

- The academic standards demonstrated by the students and, where possible, their performance in relation to students on comparable courses;
- The strengths and weaknesses of the students as a cohort.

Students were certainly provided with adequate opportunity to demonstrate their achievement of the aims and ILOs. The range of student performance is typical of other comparable programmes at other institutions, with work ranging from the outstanding to the poor.

In 5001M, the Critical Study portfolio, some weaker candidates displayed inadequate knowledge of research methodologies at both a practical and a theoretical level. Strong pieces of work displayed a very wide and competent use of the literature and sophisticated, in-depth argumentation. At times the markers signalled that these candidates' responses went well beyond what was covered during lecturers. Weak work was frequently associated with language problems, a lack of understanding of key concepts, a failure to analyse language successfully, and overly brief answers which were often only supported by a meagre range of literature.

5.	For Examiners responsible for programmes that include clinical practice components, please comment or
	the learning and assessment of practice components of the curriculum

N/A		

Please comment on the nature and effectiveness of enhancements to the programme(s) and modules since the previous year

It would be particularly helpful if you could also identify areas of good practice which are worthy of wider dissemination.

Research methods module:

A new module, Beginning Research in Education, began last year, and it will be implemented systematically this year. This is very welcome news, and a good example of how the School of Education demonstrates that it takes external examiners' comments and suggestions seriously. I have raised issues connected to students' knowledge of research methods in previous years (and do so again this year), and anticipate that this module will help lessen the problems of this nature. A very good addition to the programme. I understand that the plan for 2014-15 is that this module becomes part of Critical Study and will become compulsory. Also definitely a good move.

Ethical approval:

A more formal system of requiring students to apply for ethical approval to conduct research with human participants was trialled and I understand will be implemented systematically in 2014-15. This was another issue about which I have expressed concerns, and I am very glad to see this addition to the programme.

Plagiarism:

The introduction of a one-hour session on plagiarism has apparently seen a big fall in plagiarism. Another welcome addition to the programme.

I also liked the fact that when student has been found to have plagiarised, they have to do an online plagiarism test and then send a screenshot to the departmental plagiarism officer to show they scored maximum marks on it.

Minimum number of students on modules:

In principle, the programme has introduced the stipulation that there must be a minimum of 6 students enrolled on a module for it to run. This seems reasonable.

7. Please comment on the influence of research on the curriculum and learning and teaching

This may include examples of curriculum design informed by current research in the subject; practice informed by research; students undertaking research.

The curriculum very clearly relates theory and practice, and is grounded in theory. There was evidence from assignment tasks that state-of-the-art theory is being drawn on in class and that students are required to understand it and put it into practice.

For Examiners involved in mentoring arrangements

8.	If you have acted as a mentor to a new External Examiner or have received mentor support please commenter on the arrangements
	N/A

The Examination/Assessment Process

- 9. The University and its Schools provide guidance for External Examiners as to their roles, powers and responsibilities. Please indicate whether this material was sufficient for you to act effectively as an External Examiner.
 - Whether External Examiners have sufficient access to the material needed to make the required judgements and whether they are encouraged to request additional information.

Yes: the support provided was helpful. I had appropriate access to relevant materials.

- 10. Did you receive appropriate documentation relating to the programmes and/or parts of programmes for which you have responsibility, e.g. programme specifications or module handbooks, marking criteria?
 - The coherence of the policies and procedures relating to External Examiners and whether they match the explicit roles they are asked to perform.

Yes, I was provided with appropriate documentation. The administrative support is courteous, friendly, and professional.

11. Were you provided with all draft examination papers/assessments? Was the nature and level of the questions appropriate? If not, were suitable arrangements made to consider your comments?

N/A

(I wasn't provided with draft exams because they do not feature on the programmes for which I am responsible)

12. Was sufficient assessed / examined work made available to enable you to have confidence in your evaluation of the standard of student work? Were the scripts clearly marked/annotated?

Yes, in my view samples of work are of the appropriate size and reflect the marks range properly.

Some scripts were annotated; others were not, but I was able to see end comments and grades for all scripts.

13. Was the choice of subjects for dissertations appropriate? Was the method and standard of assessment appropriate?

Yes, the choice of subjects was apt. The assessment was appropriate for the most part, but I did have concerns regarding weak method chapters/sections. I say more about this in the 'Other Comments' box below.

14. Were the administrative arrangements satisfactory for the whole process, including the operation of the Board of Examiners? Were you able to attend the meeting? Were you satisfied with the recommendations of the Board?

Yes, all of the administrative arrangements were fine. Better than fine, in fact—very efficient.

I attended both Boards, and continue to be impressed by how well examiners' time is spent.

I was satisfied with the Board's recommendations.

15.	Were appropriate procedures in place to give due consideration to mitigating circumstances a	and m	edica
	evidence?		

v	٥٥
Υ	മം

Other comments

Please use this box if you wish to make any further comments not covered elsewhere on the form

Overall I hope my comments make it clear I continue to believe this is a very good programme characterised by some exemplary practices, such as providing students with feedback on the first drafts of their writing.

In what follows I raise concerns associated with candidates' grasp and reporting of methods/methodologies in their critical studies projects. However, hopefully the introduction of the new research methods module and the ethical approval applications will address both of these concerns over the next year.

Specifically, my concerns relate to (weaker) candidates' lack of methodological knowledge; to their reporting of methods; to their reporting of coding of qualitative data; and to reporting of ethical procedures.

I continue to have serious concerns about weaker candidates' lack of methodological knowledge in connection with the Critical Study component of the programmes, and about the importance (or rather the lack of importance) candidates attach to the methodology chapter of their dissertations. I saw more than one Critical Study project which was graded at mid-merit level whose method chapters were two to three pages long, with nothing said to justify or explain the choice of methods/methodology, about the formation and shaping/development of the instruments, nor about the procedures used to analyse the results. This for me is not acceptable when one is reporting on an extended empirical piece of research. Here is a set of comments from my notes on a script which was unfortunately not at all untypical:

"No method section in the 'Extension of Learning' section at all. No explanation of why the questionnaire looks the way it does, and whether/to what extent it draws on previous researchers' questionnaires. No justification of choice of method or methodology. No details of how the data was analysed. No piloting. Apparently no attempt to sample the population in a principled way. Once again, when it comes to the interview data, apparently there was no coding—the candidate just proceeds question by question reporting the findings. This is poor."

Another weakness I noticed in many, perhaps most, of the Critical Study texts was that there was no mention of coding of interview data; and from the way the interview data was then written up, where candidates simply proceeded on the basis of informant by informant, rather than theme by theme, it seemed in fact no systematic coding had taken place at all. It would be easy to remedy this by introducing a session/strengthening an existing session on coding during the research methods modules.

There continues to be problems with the ethics sections of some Critical Study projects.

Despite these concerns, I note how the School are addressing these, and trust such issues will diminish by next year.

27 February 2014

<>

Dear <>

Thank you for your External Examiner's report for the MA TESOL and TESOL Studies programmes, 2012-13, and for the work you have carried out this year. We are very pleased to see that in general you are positive about the programmes, about the support offered to students, and about the work they produce.

You noted that you found variations in the standards of grading, pointing out that in your view 'one member of staff's idea of a 70 is not another's'. Any adverse comment about inconsistency in marking and grading causes us concern, and we continue to address this issue. At the beginning of the marking process we carry out a moderation activity as a matter of course, where more than one first marker is involved. From 2013-2014 every MA Critical Study will be second-marked, which should contribute towards strengthening our practices in this area. However, given that we have some new staff members in the TESOL team, and also given your comments, we feel that the time is right to carry out a standardization exercise for marking and grading the Critical Studies and the Portfolios. The current programme coordinators for the MA TESOL and MA TESOL Studies will put this process in place.

You also noted the poor methodology sections of some Critical Studies. We are continuing to find ways of improving students' research skills and are working this semester on a Teaching Enhancement Scheme to integrate the new online research methods module 'EDUC 5060M: Getting started: Research questions and approaches in education' into our programme, so that students receive both generic and specialized language education research training. However most of your comments appear to relate to the performance of students' in their Portfolios on the MA TESOL Studies programme. The ability to do a 'small-scale research project' is one of the objectives of this programme, it is true, but this aspect of students' skills development is less prioritized than on the MA TESOL or other Master's level programmes in the School. In practice, MA TESOL Studies students take their own custom-designed (non-assessed) research methods module and then conduct a small-scale investigation on a chosen theme and write it up within an advisory limit of 4000 words, integrated within the Portfolio. The scope of the research, and space for discussion of methodological issues, is necessarily limited. For example we would not expect students to conduct pilot studies, the sampling of the population is inevitably restricted, and the limited amount of data generated means that coding is sometimes not necessary in analysing interviews. We do accept the need to optimize the quality of student research and will consider being more specific in what methodological information is required in that section of the Portfolio.

We can assure you that your external examiner comments continue to be valued very highly by the TESOL team and the School as a whole.

Yours sincerely